

NRAS Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7745b

Specification

NRAS Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

WB,E
<u>P01111</u>
<u>Q2MJK3</u>
Human
Pig
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
21229
147-179

NRAS Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4893

Other Names GTPase NRas, Transforming protein N-Ras, NRAS, HRAS1

Target/Specificity

This NRAS antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 147-179 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human NRAS.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

NRAS Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NRAS Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name NRAS



Synonyms HRAS1

Function Ras proteins bind GDP/GTP and possess intrinsic GTPase activity.

Cellular Location

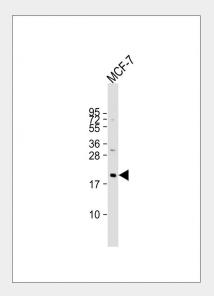
Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Golgi apparatus membrane; Lipid-anchor Note=Shuttles between the plasma membrane and the Golgi apparatus

NRAS Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

NRAS Antibody (C-term) - Images



Anti-NRAS Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution + MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 21 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

NRAS Antibody (C-term) - Background

NRAS is a membrane protein that shuttles between the Golgi apparatus and the plasma membrane. This shuttling is regulated through palmitoylation and depalmitoylation by the ZDHHC9-GOLGA7 complex. This protein, which has intrinsic GTPase activity, is activated to a GTP-bound form by a GTPase activating protein and inactivated to a GDP-bound form by a guanine nucleotide-exchange factor. Defects in the gene encoding this protein are a cause of juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML).

NRAS Antibody (C-term) - References



Smalley,K.S., Cancer Res. 68 (14), 5743-5752 (2008) Banerji,U., Mol. Cancer Ther. 7 (4), 737-739 (2008)